

[new section] 5-3-3A: UNFAIR USE OF CRIMINAL RECORD IN HIRING DECISIONS:

- A. Definitions: As used in this section, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this subsection:
1. Applicant: Any person considered or who requests to be considered for employment by a private or public employer.
 2. Arrest: The taking of a person into custody when and in the manner authorized by law or military authority due to an accusation or suspicion that the person committed a crime.
 3. Conviction: Any adjudication of guilt or sentence arising from a verdict or plea of guilty or no contest or the equivalent in relation to a crime, including a sentence of incarceration, a suspended sentence, a sentence of probation, a sentence of unconditional discharge, or a diversion program.
 4. Criminal record: Information regarding a conviction, arrest or pending criminal charge.
 5. Employment: Any occupation, vocation, job, work for pay or employment, including temporary or seasonal work, contracted work, contingent work and work through the services of a temporary or other employment agency; or any form of vocational or educational training with or without pay.
 6. Inquiry: Any direct or indirect conduct intended to gather information, using any mode of communication.
 7. Interview: Any direct contact by the employer with the applicant, whether in person or by telephone, to discuss the employment being sought or the applicant's qualifications.
 8. Legitimate business reason: A reason for which a private or public employer may make an adverse hiring decision based on an applicant's criminal record, including the following:
 - a. Situations where the nature of the criminal conduct has a direct and substantial bearing on the fitness or ability to perform the duties or responsibilities of the intended employment, taking into consideration the following factors: the nature of the employment, the place and manner in which the employment will be performed, the nature and seriousness of the offense or conduct, the length of time between the conviction or arrest and the application for employment (not including time on probation or parole or the time during which fines or other financial penalties or remedies may be outstanding), the number and types of convictions or pending charges, and any verifiable information provided by the applicant that is related to the applicant's rehabilitation or good conduct.
 - b. Situations where the granting of employment would involve unreasonable risk of substantial harm to property or to safety of individuals or the public, or to business reputation or business assets, taking into consideration the factors listed in paragraph a of this subsection A.8.
 - c. Positions working with children, developmentally disabled persons and vulnerable adults where the applicant has a conviction record of a crime against children or disabled or vulnerable adults, including but not limited to crimes of rape, sexual abuse, incest, prostitution, pimping, pandering, assault, domestic violence, kidnapping, financial exploitation, neglect, abandonment, and child endangerment.
 - d. Situations where an employer must comply with any federal or state law or regulation pertaining to background checks and the criminal conduct is relevant to the applicant's fitness for the job.
 9. Pending criminal charge: An existing accusation that a person has committed a crime, lodged by a prosecutor, law enforcement agency or military authority through an indictment, information, complaint or other formal charge, where the accusation has not yet resulted in a final judgment, acquittal, conviction, plea, dismissal or withdrawal.
 10. Private employer: Any person, partnership, company, corporation, labor organization or association which regularly employs four (4) or more persons within the City of Waterloo. It includes job placement and referral agencies and other employment agencies. Neither the United States or any of its political subdivisions, nor the State of Iowa or any of its political subdivisions, nor the City of Waterloo is a private employer for purposes of this section.
- B. Prohibited Use of Criminal Record Information: In connection with the employment of any person, it shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for a private or public employer to engage in any of the following activity:

1. To make any inquiry regarding, or to require any person to disclose or reveal, any convictions, arrests, or pending criminal charges during the application process, including but not limited to any interview. The application process shall begin when the applicant inquires about the employment being sought and shall end when an employer has extended a conditional offer of employment to the applicant. If the applicant voluntarily discloses any information regarding his or her criminal record at the interview, the employer may discuss the criminal record disclosed by the applicant.
 2. To make an adverse hiring decision based solely on the applicant's record of arrests or pending criminal charges.
 3. To make an adverse hiring decision based on any criminal records which have been lawfully erased or expunged, which are the subject of an executive pardon, or which were otherwise legally nullified.
 4. To make an adverse hiring decision based on an applicant's criminal record without a legitimate business reason.
- C. Notice of Adverse Hiring Action:
1. Before making an adverse hiring action that is principally based on an applicant's criminal record, the private or public employer shall notify the applicant of the intended adverse hiring action, shall identify the particular records on which the employer is relying, and shall provide a copy of the results of the criminal record inquiry.
 2. The employer shall hold the employment position open for a minimum period of three (3) business days after notifying the applicant of the intended adverse hiring action. During such period, the applicant shall have a reasonable opportunity to respond to, explain or correct any information on which the employer is relying. The employer shall review and consider all information and documentation provided by the applicant before making a final decision regarding employment. After three (3) business days, an employer may choose, but is not required, to hold open an employment position until a pending criminal charge is resolved or adjudicated or until questions about an applicant's criminal record are resolved.
- D. Effect on Other Laws: This section shall not be interpreted or applied as imposing an obligation on the part of a private or public employer to provide accommodations or job modifications in order to facilitate the employment of an applicant.